

VECTOR ALGEBRA

USEFULL INFO

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 \vec{a}_R \cdot \vec{a}_x = \sin \theta \cos \phi & \vec{a}_R \cdot \vec{a}_y = \sin \theta \sin \phi & \vec{a}_R \cdot \vec{a}_z = \cos \theta \\
 \vec{a}_\theta \cdot \vec{a}_x = \cos \theta \cos \phi & \vec{a}_\theta \cdot \vec{a}_y = \cos \theta \sin \phi & \vec{a}_\theta \cdot \vec{a}_z = -\sin \theta \\
 \vec{a}_\phi \cdot \vec{a}_x = -\sin \phi & \vec{a}_\phi \cdot \vec{a}_y = \cos \phi & \vec{a}_\phi \cdot \vec{a}_z = 0
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 \vec{a}_r \cdot \vec{a}_x = \cos \phi & \vec{a}_r \cdot \vec{a}_y = \sin \phi & \vec{a}_r \cdot \vec{a}_z = 0 \\
 \vec{a}_\phi \cdot \vec{a}_x = -\sin \phi & \vec{a}_\phi \cdot \vec{a}_y = \cos \phi & \vec{a}_\phi \cdot \vec{a}_z = 0 \\
 \vec{a}_z \cdot \vec{a}_x = 0 & \vec{a}_z \cdot \vec{a}_y = 0 & \vec{a}_z \cdot \vec{a}_z = 1
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 x = R \sin \theta \cos \phi & R = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \\
 y = R \sin \theta \sin \phi & \theta = \cos^{-1}(z/R) \\
 z = R \cos \theta & \phi = \tan^{-1}(y/x)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 x = r \cos \phi & r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \\
 y = r \sin \phi & \phi = \tan^{-1}(y/x) \\
 z = z & z = z
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 d\vec{\ell} = \vec{a}_x dx + \vec{a}_y dy + \vec{a}_z dz & dV = dx dy dz \\
 d\vec{\ell} = \vec{a}_r dr + \vec{a}_\phi r d\phi + \vec{a}_z dz & dV = r dr d\phi dz \\
 d\vec{\ell} = \vec{a}_R dR + \vec{a}_\theta R d\theta + \vec{a}_\phi R \sin \theta d\phi & dV = R^2 \sin \theta dR d\theta d\phi
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 d\vec{S} = \vec{a}_x dy dz & \vec{a}_y dx dz & \vec{a}_z dx dy \\
 d\vec{S} = \vec{a}_r r d\phi dz & \vec{a}_\phi dr dz & \vec{a}_z r dr d\phi \\
 d\vec{S} = \vec{a}_R R^2 \sin \theta d\theta d\phi & \vec{a}_\theta R \sin \theta dR d\phi & \vec{a}_\phi R dR d\theta
 \end{array}$$

$$\int_V [\nabla \cdot \vec{A}(\vec{r})] dV = \oint_S \vec{A}(\vec{r}) \cdot d\vec{S} \qquad \int_S [\nabla \times \vec{A}(\vec{r})] \cdot d\vec{S} = \oint_C \vec{A}(\vec{r}) \cdot d\vec{\ell}$$

$$\vec{A} = \nabla \Phi + \nabla \times \vec{F} \qquad \nabla \times \nabla \Phi \equiv 0 \qquad \nabla \cdot \nabla \times \vec{A} \equiv 0$$

$$\nabla(\Phi\Psi) = \Phi \nabla\Psi + \Psi \nabla\Phi \qquad \nabla \times \nabla \times \vec{A} = \nabla(\nabla \cdot \vec{A}) - \nabla^2 \vec{A}$$

$$\nabla \times (\Phi \vec{A}) = \Phi (\nabla \times \vec{A}) + \nabla \Phi \times \vec{A} \qquad \nabla \cdot (\Phi \vec{A}) = \Phi (\nabla \cdot \vec{A}) + \nabla \Phi \cdot \vec{A}$$

$$\nabla \left(\frac{1}{|\vec{R} - \vec{R}'|} \right) = -\nabla' \left(\frac{1}{|\vec{R} - \vec{R}'|} \right) = -\frac{\vec{R} - \vec{R}'}{|\vec{R} - \vec{R}'|^3}$$

$$\nabla V = \vec{a}_x \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} + \vec{a}_y \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} + \vec{a}_z \frac{\partial V}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla V = \vec{a}_r \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} + \vec{a}_\phi \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi} + \vec{a}_z \frac{\partial V}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla V = \vec{a}_R \frac{\partial V}{\partial R} + \vec{a}_\theta \frac{1}{R} \frac{\partial V}{\partial \theta} + \vec{a}_\phi \frac{1}{R \sin \theta} \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{A} = \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{A} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r}(r A_r) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{A} = \frac{1}{R^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial R}(R^2 A_R) + \frac{1}{R \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\sin \theta A_\theta) + \frac{1}{R \sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{A} = \vec{a}_x \left(\frac{\partial A_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial z} \right) + \vec{a}_y \left(\frac{\partial A_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial x} \right) + \vec{a}_z \left(\frac{\partial A_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial y} \right)$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{A} = \vec{a}_r \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\partial A_\phi}{\partial z} \right) + \vec{a}_\phi \left(\frac{\partial A_r}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial r} \right) + \vec{a}_z \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial r}[r A_\phi] - \frac{\partial A_r}{\partial \phi} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \times \vec{A} = & \vec{a}_R \frac{1}{R \sin \theta} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}[\sin \theta A_\phi] - \frac{\partial A_\theta}{\partial \phi} \right) + \vec{a}_\theta \frac{1}{R} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial A_R}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\partial}{\partial R}[R A_\phi] \right) \\ & + \vec{a}_\phi \frac{1}{R} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial R}[A_\theta R] - \frac{\partial A_R}{\partial \theta} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\nabla^2 V = \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2}$$

$$\nabla^2 V = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial V}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial \phi^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2}$$

$$\nabla^2 V = \frac{1}{R^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial R} \left(R^2 \frac{\partial V}{\partial R} \right) + \frac{1}{R^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial V}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{R^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial \phi^2}$$

$$\int \sin^2 x \, dx = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2 + a^2} = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$$

$$\int \cos^2 x \, dx = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x$$

$$\int \log_e x \, dx = x \log_e x - x$$

$$\int \sin x \cos x \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 x$$

$$\int x e^{ax} \, dx = \frac{e^{ax}}{a^2} (ax - 1)$$