

$$y'' = f(x, y, y'), a \leq x \leq b$$

$$y(a) = \alpha, y(b) = \beta$$

Birinci başlangıç değer problemi

$$y'' = f(x, y, y'), \quad y(a) = \alpha, y'(a) = t$$

İkinci başlangıç değer probleminin elde edilişi

$$\frac{dy''}{dt} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t}(f(x, y, y')) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y'} \cdot \frac{\partial y'}{\partial t}$$

$$= f_y(x, y, y') \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + f_{y'}(x, y, y') \frac{\partial y'}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}(a) = 0, \frac{\partial y'}{\partial t}(a) = 1$$

$$z = \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}$$

$$\Rightarrow z'' = f_y(x, y, y')z + f_{y'}(x, y, y')z', z(a) = 0, z'(a) = 1$$

$$t_k = t_{k-1} - \frac{y(b, t_{k-1}) - \beta}{z(b, t_{k-1})} \quad \text{NEWTON}$$

Şart:  $|y(b, t_{k-1}) - \beta| < TOL$

Birinci başlangıç değer probleminin çözümü

$$y'' = f(x, y, y'), \quad y(a) = \alpha, y'(a) = t_0$$

$$t_0 = \frac{\beta - \alpha}{b - a} \text{ olsun.}$$

$$w_1 = y, w_2 = y'$$

$$w_1' = w_2, \quad w_1(a) = \alpha$$

$$w_2' = f(x, w_1, w_2), \quad w_2(a) = t_0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} w_1' \\ w_2' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} w_2 \\ f(x, w_1, w_2) \end{bmatrix}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} w_1(a) \\ w_2(a) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ t_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$h = (b - a) / N$$

$$x_1 = a, w_{1,1} = \alpha, w_{2,1} = t_0$$

$$x_2 = a + h, w_{1,2} = ?, w_{2,2} = ?$$

...

$$x_{N+1} = b, w_{1,N+1} = ?, w_{2,N+1} = ?$$

$$w_1' = w_2$$

$$k_1 = h w_{2,i}$$

$$k_2 = h(w_{2,i} + m_1 / 2)$$

$$k_3 = h(w_{2,i} + m_2 / 2)$$

$$k_4 = h(w_{2,i} + m_3)$$

$$w_{1,i+1} = w_{1,i} + \frac{1}{6}(k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4)$$

$$i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$

$$w_2' = f(x, w_1, w_2)$$

$$m_1 = h f(x_i, w_{1,i}, w_{2,i})$$

$$m_2 = h f(x_i + h / 2, w_{1,i} + k_1 / 2, w_{2,i} + m_1 / 2)$$

$$m_3 = h f(x_i + h / 2, w_{1,i} + k_2 / 2, w_{2,i} + m_2 / 2)$$

$$m_4 = h f(x_i + h, w_{1,i} + k_3, w_{2,i} + m_3)$$

$$w_{2,i+1} = w_{2,i} + \frac{1}{6}(m_1 + 2m_2 + 2m_3 + m_4)$$

$$i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$

$i = 1$ 'den sonra

$|w_{1,N+1} - \beta| < TOL$  bakılır. Ya da iterasyon sayısı  $< M$  olup olmadığına bakılır.

Sınır-değer probleminin çözümü  $w_1$  çözümüdür.

İkinci başlangıç değer probleminin çözümü

$$z'' = f_y(x, y, y')z + f_{y'}(x, y, y')z', \quad z(a) = 0, z'(a) = 1$$

$$\left( z = \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$v_1 = z, v_2 = z'$$

$$v_1' = v_2, \quad v_1(a) = 0$$

$$v_2' = f_y(x, w_1, w_2)v_1 + f_{y'}(x, w_1, w_2)v_2, \quad v_2(a) = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_1' \\ v_2' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_2 \\ f_y(x, w_1, w_2)v_1 + f_{y'}(x, w_1, w_2)v_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} v_1(a) \\ v_2(a) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$h = (b - a) / N$$

$$x_1 = a, v_{1,1} = 0, v_{2,1} = 1$$

$$x_2 = a + h, v_{1,2} = ?, v_{2,2} = ?$$

...

$$x_{N+1} = b, v_{1,N+1} = ?, v_{2,N+1} = ?$$

$$v_1' = v_2$$

$$v_2' = f_y(x, w_1, w_2)v_1 + f_{y'}(x, w_1, w_2)v_2$$

$$c_1 = hv_{2,i}$$

$$d_1 = h(f_y(x_i, w_{1,i}, w_{2,i})v_{1,i} + f_{y'}(x_i, w_{1,i}, w_{2,i})v_{2,i})$$

$$c_2 = h(v_{2,i} + d_1 / 2)$$

$$d_2 = h(f_y(x_i + h / 2, w_{1,i}, w_{2,i})(v_{1,i} + c_1 / 2) + f_{y'}(x_i + h / 2, w_{1,i}, w_{2,i})(v_{2,i} + d_1 / 2))$$

$$c_3 = h(v_{2,i} + d_2 / 2)$$

$$d_3 = h(f_y(x_i + h / 2, w_{1,i}, w_{2,i})(v_{1,i} + c_2 / 2) + f_{y'}(x_i + h / 2, w_{1,i}, w_{2,i})(v_{2,i} + d_2 / 2))$$

$$c_4 = h(v_{2,i} + d_3)$$

$$d_4 = h(f_y(x_i + h, w_{1,i}, w_{2,i})(v_{1,i} + c_3) + f_{y'}(x_i + h, w_{1,i}, w_{2,i})(v_{2,i} + d_3))$$

$$v_{1,i+1} = v_{1,i} + \frac{1}{6}(c_1 + 2c_2 + 2c_3 + c_4)$$

$$v_{2,i+1} = v_{2,i} + \frac{1}{6}(d_1 + 2d_2 + 2d_3 + d_4)$$

$$i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$

$$i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$

$$t_1 = t_0 - \frac{w_{1,N+1} - \beta}{v_{1,N+1}}$$

Birinci başlangıç değer probleminin çözümünden sonraki şart yani

$$|w_{1,N+1} - \beta| < TOL$$

sağlandığında iterasyonlar bitirilir. Sağlanmazsa  $t_2 = t_1 - \frac{w_{1,N+1} - \beta}{v_{1,N+1}}$  hesaplanır. İşleme devam edilir.

$$\left( t_k = t_{k-1} - \frac{w_{1,N+1} - \beta}{v_{1,N+1}} \right)$$

$f_y$  ve  $f_{y'}$  kısmi türevlerinde karışıklık yaşamamak için

$$\text{Örnek : } f(x, y, y') = y(y')^2 - e^{4xy}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = f_y = (y')^2 - 4xe^{4xy}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y'} = f_{y'} = 2yy'$$

#### KLASİK WHILE

```
k=1; Toplam = 1;
```

```
>> while abs(exp(10)-Toplam)>10^(-4)
```

```
Toplam = Toplam + 10^(k)/factorial(k);
```

```
k=k+1;
```

```
end
```

#### SONSUZ WHILE

```
k=1; Toplam = 1;
```

```
>> while 1
```

```
Toplam = Toplam + 10^(k)/factorial(k);
```

```
if abs(exp(10)-Toplam)<=10^(-4)
```

```
break;
```

```
end
```

```
k=k+1;
```

```
end
```