## Exercises

1) Consider the insurance market model that we discussed in the class. The probability of accident for a car owner is  $\theta \in [0,1]$ . The probability density function of  $\theta$  is

$$PDF = a\theta.$$

- a) What is a? (Hint:  $CDF = \int PDF$  and  $Pr(0 \le \theta \le 1) = 1$ .)
- b) Assume that the highest insurance premium that a car owner would pay is  $(1 + a)\theta$ . What is the expected damage for a randomly chosen insurance customer when the insurance premium is *p*? Formally, compute:

$$E[\theta|\theta \ge p/(1+a)].$$

c) If the insurance companies make zero profit, what is the equilibrium level of the insurance premium, *p*? In other words, what is the solution to

$$p - E[\theta | \theta \ge p/(1+a)] = 0.$$

- d) Based on your solution to part (b), what is the expected number of people who would buy the car insurance?
- e) Suppose that an insurance company slightly decreases its premium to attract more customers. Explain why this is a bad idea.
- Suppose that you are looking for a job. The wage is, however, uncertain. In particular, the monthly wages in the market vary between 3 (thousand TL) and 6 (thousand TL) for a recent college graduate. The probability density function (PDF) of wages is

$$PDF = a \times (w - 3)(6 - w)$$

- a) What is a? (Hint:  $CDF = \int PDF$  and  $Pr(3 \le w \le 6) = 1$ .)
- b) You go to your first job interview. What is the probability that the offer will be less than 5?
- c) In your first interview your offer was indeed 5. Now you go to your second job interview but there will not be a third interview. Assuming you will accept the highest offer, what is the expected value of your wage before the second interview?