

Lineer struktur 1. derec.
 Bağımlı - Bağımsız
 $y' = t$
 $y'' = t'$
 $y''' = \dots$
 $y^{(n)} = P$
 $y^{(n+1)} = P \frac{dt}{dy}$

20 Aralık
 Saat 17:00
 Tugayde
 Lise
 Sinev
 Denizpazarı
 Web sayfası

Örnek $y' - 2xy = 0$ kuvvet tersi yardım ib
 Çözelim.

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (x-x_0)^n$$

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n; y' = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1} - 2 \times \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2 a_n x^{n+1} = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1} - \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} 2 a_{n-2} x^{n-1} = 0$$

$$1 \cdot a_1 x + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1} - \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} 2 a_{n-2} x^{n-1} = 0$$

$$a_1 + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (n a_n - 2 a_{n-2}) x^{n-1} = 0$$

$$\boxed{a_1 = 0} \quad \checkmark \quad n a_n - 2 a_{n-2} = 0 \quad (n \geq 2) \quad \checkmark$$

Rekursivs begäntis

$$\boxed{a_n = \frac{2}{n} a_{n-2}} \quad (n \geq 2)$$

$$n=2 \quad a_2 = \frac{2}{2} a_0 = a_0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$n=3 \quad a_3 = \frac{2}{3} a_1 = 0$$

$$n=4 \quad a_4 = \cancel{\frac{2}{4}} a_2 = \frac{1}{2} a_2 = \frac{1}{2} a_0$$

$$n=5 \quad a_5 = \frac{2}{5} a_3 = 0$$

$$n=6 \quad a_6 = \cancel{\frac{2}{6}} a_4 = \frac{1}{3} a_4 = \frac{1}{3 \cdot 2} a_0$$

⋮

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3 + a_4 x^4 + \dots$$

$$\tilde{y} = a_0 + a_0 x^2 + \frac{1}{2!} a_0 x^4 + \frac{1}{3!} a_0 x^6 + \frac{1}{4!} a_0 x^8 + \dots$$

$$y = a_0 \left(1 + x^2 + \frac{x^4}{2!} + \frac{x^6}{3!} + \frac{x^8}{4!} + \dots \right)$$

$$y = a_0 \left(1 + x^2 + \frac{(x^2)^2}{2!} + \frac{(x^2)^3}{3!} + \frac{(x^2)^4}{4!} + \dots \right)$$

$$y = a_0 e^{x^2}$$

$$\forall y \in \mathbb{R} \quad e^y = 1 + y + \frac{y^2}{2!} + \frac{y^3}{3!} + \dots$$

$$e^{x^2} = 1 + x^2 + \frac{(x^2)^2}{2!} + \dots$$

$$e^{2x} = 1 + 2x + \frac{(2x)^2}{2!} + \dots$$

$$e^{2x} = 1 + 2x + \frac{(2x)^2}{2!} + \frac{(2x)^3}{3!} + \dots$$

$$y' - 2xy = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{y} = \int 2x dx \rightarrow \ln y - \ln C = x^2$$

$$\frac{y}{C} = e^{x^2}$$

$$y = Ce^{x^2}$$

Örnek $y'' - xy = 0$ kuvvet serisi çözümü nedir?

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$$

$$y' = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1}$$

$$y'' = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2}$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} - x \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} - \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} a_{n-3} x^{n+1} = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} \stackrel{n-3}{=} 0$$

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} a_{n-3} x^{n+1} \stackrel{n-2}{=} 0$$

$$2 \cdot 1 \cdot a_2 x^0 + \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} - \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} a_{n-3} x^{n-2} = 0$$

$$2a_2 + \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} (n(n-1)a_n - a_{n-3}) x^{n-2} = 0$$

$$a_2 = 0 \quad n(n-1)a_n - a_{n-3} = 0 \quad (n \geq 3)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{n(n-1)} a_{n-3} \quad (n \geq 3)$$

$$n=3 \quad a_3 = \frac{1}{3 \cdot 2} a_0$$

$$n=4 \quad a_4 = \frac{1}{4 \cdot 3} a_1$$

$$n=5 \quad a_5 = \frac{1}{5 \cdot 4} a_2 = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$n=6 \quad a_6 = \frac{1}{6 \cdot 5} a_3 = \frac{1}{6 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 2} a_0$$

$$n=7 \quad a_7 = \frac{1}{7 \cdot 6} a_4 = \frac{1}{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 \cdot 3} a_1$$

$$n=8 \quad a_8 = \frac{1}{8 \cdot 7} a_5 = 0$$

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + \dots$$

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x + \frac{1}{6} a_2 x^3 + \frac{1}{12} a_3 x^4 + \frac{1}{120} a_4 x^5 + \frac{1}{120} a_5 x^6 + \dots$$

$$y = a_0 \left(1 + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^6}{120} + \dots \right) + a_1 \left(x + \frac{x^5}{12} + \frac{x^7}{120} + \dots \right)$$

$$\text{ömek } y'' - (\underbrace{x-2}_x)y' + 2y = 0 \quad x=2 \text{ noktesi civarinda kumet serisi çözümlü?}$$

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (x-2)^n \quad y' = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n (x-2)^{n-1} \quad y'' = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2}$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} - (x-2) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n (x-2)^{n-1} + 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (x-2)^n = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n a_n (x-2)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2 a_n (x-2)^n = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n-2) a_{n-2} (x-2)^{n-2} = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2} - \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (n-4) a_{n-2} (x-2)^{n-2} = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (n(n-1) a_n - (n-4) a_{n-2}) x^{n-2} = 0$$

$$n(n-1) a_n - (n-4) a_{n-2} = 0 \quad (n \geq 2)$$

Rekürans. beg.

$$a_n = \frac{n-4}{n(n-1)} a_{n-2} \quad (n \geq 2)$$

$$n=2 \quad a_2 = \frac{-2}{2 \cdot 1} a_0 = -a_0$$

$$n=3 \quad a_3 = \frac{-1}{3 \cdot 2} a_1 = -\frac{1}{6} a_1$$

$$n=4 \quad a_4 = 0$$

$$n=5 \quad a_5 = \frac{1}{5 \cdot 4} a_3 = \frac{1}{5 \cdot 4} \left(-\frac{1}{6} a_1 \right) = -\frac{1}{120} a_1$$

$$n=6 \quad a_6 = \frac{2}{6 \cdot 5} a_4 = 0$$

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$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (x-2)^n = a_0 + a_1 (x-2) + a_2 (x-2)^2 + a_3 (x-2)^3 + \dots$$

$$y = a_0 + a_1 (x-2) - a_0 (x-2)^2 - \frac{1}{6} a_1 (x-2)^3 - \frac{1}{120} a_1 (x-2)^5 - \dots$$

$$y = a_0 \left(1 - (x-2)^2 \right) + a_1 \left[(x-2) - \frac{(x-2)^3}{6} - \frac{(x-2)^5}{120} + \dots \right]$$

örmek $y'' - xy' + 3y = 0$ x=2

$$y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (x-2)^n$$

$\underbrace{(x-2+r)}_{n=1} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n (x-2)^{n-1}$

$-2+2$
 \downarrow

$a+0=a$

$$(x-2) \sum \dots + 2 \sum$$

$$y'' - (x-2+2)y' + 3y = 0$$

$$y'' - (x-2)y' - y' + 3y = 0$$

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