

$$\text{Vorne} \quad y'' - 2y' + 2y = x e^x$$

$$r^2 - 2r + 2 = 0 \quad r_{1,2} = 1 \pm i$$

$$y_h = e^x (C_1 \sin x + C_2 \cos x)$$

$$y_p = (ax + b) e^x = a(x e^x) + b e^x \checkmark$$

$$y_p' = a e^x + a(x e^x) + b e^x$$

$$y_p'' = 2a e^x + a x e^x + b e^x \checkmark$$

$$\cancel{e^x} (2\cancel{a} + ax + b - 2\cancel{a} - 2\cancel{a}x - 2\cancel{b} + 2\cancel{a}x + 2\cancel{b}) = x e^x$$

$$ax + b = x$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = 0$$

$$y_p = x e^x$$

$$y = y_h + y_p = e^x (C_1 \sin x + C_2 \cos x) + x e^x$$

$$\text{Vorne} \quad y'' + y = e^{-x} \cos x$$

$$r^2 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow r_{1,2} = \pm i$$

$$-1 \mp i$$

$$y_h = C_1 \sin x + C_2 \cos x$$

$$y_p = e^{-x}(A \cos x + B \sin x) \text{ Resonas yok!}$$

$$= A e^{-x} \cos x + B e^{-x} \sin x$$

$$y_p' = -A e^{-x} \cos x - A e^{-x} \sin x - B e^{-x} \sin x + B e^{-x} \cos x$$

$$y_p'' = A e^{-x} \cancel{\cos x} + A e^{-x} \sin x + A e^{-x} \sin x - A e^{-x} \cancel{\cos x}$$

$$+ B e^{-x} \cancel{\sin x} - B e^{-x} \cos x - B e^{-x} \cos x - B e^{-x} \cancel{\sin x}$$

$$y_p'' = 2A e^{-x} \sin x - 2B e^{-x} \cos x$$

$$y'' + y = e^{-x} \cos x$$

$$2A e^{-x} \sin x - 2B e^{-x} \cos x + A e^{-x} \cos x + B e^{-x} \sin x = e^{-x} \cos x$$

$$(2A + B) \sin x + (A - 2B) \cos x = \cos x - 4 \sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2A + B &= 0 & A &= 1/5 \\ A - 2B &= 1 & B &= -2/5 \end{aligned}$$

$$y_p = e^{-x} \left(\frac{1}{5} \cos x - \frac{2}{5} \sin x \right)$$

$$y = y_h + y_p$$

y'	y_p
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Örnekle $y'' + 4y = \sin 2x$

$$r^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$r_{1,2} = \pm 2i$$

$$y_h = C_1 \sin 2x + C_2 \cos 2x$$

$$y_p = (ax+b) \cos x + (cx+d) \sin x$$

$$y_p' = a \cos x - (ax+b) \sin x + c \sin x + (cx+d) \cos x$$

$$y_p'' = -2a \sin x - (ax+b) \cos x + 2c \cos x - (cx+d) \sin x$$

$$-2a \sin x - (ax+b) \cos x + 2c \cos x - (cx+d) \sin x + 4(ax+b) \cos x + 4(cx+d) \sin x = x \sin x$$

$$(3cx + 3d - 2a) \sin x + (3ax + 3b + 2c) \cos x = x \sin x$$

$$1) \quad 3cx + 3d - 2a = x \rightarrow \begin{aligned} 3c &= 1 \rightarrow \boxed{c = \frac{1}{3}} \\ 3d - 2a &= 0 \rightarrow d = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$2) \quad 3ax + 3b + 2c = 0 \quad \begin{aligned} 3a &= 0 \rightarrow a = 0 \\ 3b + 2c &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{b = -\frac{2}{9}}$$

$$y_p = (ax+b) \cos x + (cx+d) \sin x$$

$$y_p = -\frac{2}{9} \cos x + \frac{1}{3} \sin x$$

$$y = y_h + y_p$$

$$\text{Ömek} \quad y'' - 3y' + 2y = \underbrace{x^2 + 1}_{r_1=1} + \underbrace{e^x}_{r_2=2} - \underbrace{\sin 2x}_{r_3=2}$$

$$r^2 - 3r + 2 = 0$$

$$\boxed{r_1 = 1}$$

$$r_2 = 2$$

$$y_h = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{2x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_{p_1} &= ax^2 + bx + c \\
 y_{p_1}' &= 2ax + b \\
 y_{p_1}'' &= 2a
 \end{aligned}
 \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} y_{p_1} &= ax^2 + bx + c \\ y_{p_1}' &= 2ax + b \\ y_{p_1}'' &= 2a \end{aligned}} \right\}
 \begin{aligned}
 y'' - 3y' + y &= x^2 + 1 \\
 2a - 6ax - 3b + 2ax^2 + 2bx + 2c &= x^2 + 1 \\
 2a &= 1 \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2} \\
 2b - 6a &= 0 \rightarrow b = \frac{3}{2} \\
 2a - 3b + 2c &= 1 \rightarrow c = \frac{9}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \alpha = 1 = r_1 \text{ (tek kat)} \\
 y_{p_1} &= \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{3x}{2} + \frac{9}{2} \\
 y_{p_2} &= A x e^x \text{ (rebornar)} \\
 A &= -1 \\
 y_{p_2} &= -x e^x \\
 y'' - 3y' + 2y &= e^x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_{p_3} &= A \sin 2x + B \cos 2x \\
 y_{p_3}' &= 2A \cos 2x - 2B \sin 2x \\
 y_{p_3}'' &= -4A \sin 2x - 4B \cos 2x \\
 y'' - 3y' + 2y &= -\sin 2x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -4A \sin 2x - 4B \cos 2x - 6A \cos 2x + 6B \sin 2x \\
 + 2A \sin 2x + 2B \cos 2x &= -\sin 2x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (-2A + 6B) \sin 2x + (-6A - 2B) \cos 2x &= -\sin 2x \\
 \begin{cases} -2A + 6B = -1 \\ -6A - 2B = 0 \end{cases} &\rightarrow A = \frac{1}{20} \quad B = -\frac{3}{20} \\
 y_{p_3} &= \frac{1}{20} \sin 2x - \frac{3}{20} \cos 2x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$y_p = y_{p_1} + y_{p_2} + y_{p_3}$$

$$y = y_h + y_p$$

$$y = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{2x} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{3x}{2} + \frac{9}{4} - x e^x + \frac{1}{20} \sin 4x - \frac{3}{10} \cos 4x$$