

Bileşik Fonksiyonlar ve Türevleri

Tanım: $z = f(x, y)$ fonksiyonundaki x ve y değişkenleri başka bir değişkenin ya da değişkenlerin fonksiyonları iseler o zaman $z = f(x, y)$ fonksiyonuna bileşik fonksiyon denir.

Örneğin;

- $z = f(x, y)$ fonksiyonunda $x = h(t)$, $y = g(t)$ ise;

$z = f[h(t), g(t)] = F(t)$ şeklinde t 'ye bağlı bir bileşik fonksiyondur.

- $z = f(x, y)$ $x = h(t, s)$ $y = g(t, s)$

$z = f[h(t, s), g(t, s)] = F(t, s)$

- $z = f(x, y)$ $x = h(t)$, $y = g(r, s, t)$

$z = f[h(t), g(r, s, t)] = F(r, s, t)$

$$z = \arctan \frac{y}{x} \rightarrow z = f(x, y)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = e^t \rightarrow x = h(t) \\ y = \ln(t + rs) \rightarrow y = g(r, s, t) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow z = F(r, s, t)$$

Teorem: $z = f(x, y)$, $x = x(t, s)$, $y = y(t, s)$ fonksiyonları ve bunların birinci mertebeden kısmi türevleri bir (a, b) noktasında tanımlı ve sürekli işeler o zaman

$$z = f(x, y) = f[x(t, s), y(t, s)] = F(t, s)$$

$$\frac{\partial z(a, b)}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial z(a, b)}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x(a, b)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial z(a, b)}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y(a, b)}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial z(a, b)}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial z(a, b)}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x(a, b)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial z(a, b)}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y(a, b)}{\partial s}$$

İspat:

$$\frac{\partial z(a,b)}{\partial t} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta t}$$

$$f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{\underbrace{b-a}_{\Delta x}}$$

Δz artımını hesaplayalım.

$$\Delta x = x(a+\Delta t, b) - x(a, b) \quad \Delta y = y(a+\Delta t, b) - y(a, b) \quad \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \Delta x = 0 \quad ; \quad \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \Delta y = 0$$

$$\Delta z = f(a+\Delta x, b+\Delta y) - f(a, b)$$

$$\Delta z = f'_x(a+\theta_1\Delta x, b) \cdot \Delta x + f'_y(a+\Delta x, b+\theta_2\Delta y) \Delta y \quad (\text{O.D.T})$$

$$\frac{\Delta z}{\Delta t} = f'_x(a+\theta_1\Delta x, b) \cdot \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} + f'_y(a+\Delta x, b+\theta_2\Delta y) \cdot \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta t}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta t} = \left[\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} f'_x(a+\theta_1\Delta x, b) \right] \left(\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} \right) + \left[\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} f'_y(a+\Delta x, b+\theta_2\Delta y) \right] \left(\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta t} \right)$$

$$\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{x(a+\Delta t, b) - x(a, b)}{\Delta t} = \frac{\partial x(a,b)}{\partial t} \quad ; \quad \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta t} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{y(a+\Delta t, b) - y(a, b)}{\Delta t} = \frac{\partial y(a,b)}{\partial t}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta t} = \left[\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} f'_x(a + \theta_1 \Delta x, b) \right] \left(\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} \right) + \left[\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} f'_y(a + \Delta x, b + \theta_2 \Delta y) \right] \left(\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta t} \right)$$

$$= f'_x(a, b) \cdot \frac{\partial x(a, b)}{\partial t} + f'_y(a, b) \cdot \frac{\partial y(a, b)}{\partial t}$$

$$= \frac{\partial z(a, b)}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x(a, b)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial z(a, b)}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y(a, b)}{\partial t}$$

• $u = f(x, y, z) \quad x = x(t), \quad y = y(t, s), \quad z = z(t, s, r)$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \cdot 0 + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \cdot 0 + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \cdot 0 + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial r}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 z = f(x, y) \quad & \left. \begin{aligned} x &= x(t, s) \\ y &= y(t, s) \\ t &= t(r) \\ s &= s(r) \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow z = f(x(t, s), y(t, s)) \\
 & = F(t, s) \\
 & = F(t(r), s(r)) \\
 & = F_1(r)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x(t, s) &= x(t(r), s(r)) = X(r) \\
 y(t, s) &= y(t(r), s(r)) = Y(r)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dr} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dr} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dr}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dr} = \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{dt}{dr} + \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{ds}{dr}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dr} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{dt}{dr} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{ds}{dr}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{dx}{dr} &= \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{dt}{dr} + \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{ds}{dr} \\ \frac{dy}{dr} &= \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{dt}{dr} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{ds}{dr} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{dz}{dr} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \left[\frac{\partial x}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{dt}{dr} + \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{ds}{dr} \right] + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \left[\frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{dt}{dr} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{ds}{dr} \right]$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} u = xy + z \\ x = t^2 + 2s \\ y = xt \\ z = 2y + s \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = ?$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = x(t, s) \\ y = y(x, t) = y(x(t, s), t) = \gamma(t, s) \\ z = z(y, s) = z(\gamma(t, s), s) = \zeta(t, s) \end{array} \right\} u = f(x, y, z) = f(x(t, s), \gamma(t, s), \zeta(t, s)) = F(t, s)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \cdot 1$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} \cdot 0$$

$$= \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \left[\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \cdot \left[\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \right] + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \left[\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \right] = y \cdot 2t + x \cdot (t \cdot 2t + x) + 1 \cdot 2 \cdot [x \cdot 2t + x]$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \cdot \left[\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \right] + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \left[\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} \right] = y \cdot 2t + x \cdot (t \cdot 2t + x) + 1 \cdot 2 \cdot [x \cdot 2t + x]$$

$$= 2yt + 2t^2x + x^2 + 4t^2 + 2x$$

$$= 2xt^2 + 2t^2x + x^2 + 4t^2 + 2x$$

$$= 4(t^2 + 2s) \cdot t^2 + (t^2 + 2s)^2 + 4t^2 + 2(t^2 + 2s)$$

0.5

$$z = \ln(x^2 + y^2)$$

$$x = e^u \cos v$$

$$y = e^u \sin v$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} z = \ln(x^2 + y^2) \\ x = e^u \cos v \\ y = e^u \sin v \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} = ? \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = ?$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}$$

$$= \frac{2x}{x^2 + y^2} \cdot (e^u \cos v) + \frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2} \cdot (e^u \sin v)$$

$$= \frac{2e^{2u} \cos^2 v}{e^{2u} \cos^2 v + e^{2u} \sin^2 v} + \frac{2e^{2u} \sin^2 v}{e^{2u} \cos^2 v + e^{2u} \sin^2 v}$$

$$= 2$$

$$z = f(x, y)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = x(u, v) \\ y = y(u, v) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow z = f[x(u, v), y(u, v)] = F(u, v)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} &= \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = \frac{2x}{x^2 + y^2} \cdot (-e^u \sin v) + \frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2} \cdot (e^u \cos v) \\ &= \frac{2e^u \cos v \cdot (-e^u \sin v) + 2(e^u \sin v) \cdot (e^u \cos v)}{e^{2u} \cos^2 v + e^{2u} \sin^2 v} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} w &= x + 2y + z^2 \\ x &= \frac{r}{s} \\ y &= r^2 + \ln s \\ z &= 2r \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} \frac{\partial w}{\partial s} &=? \\ \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} &=? \end{aligned}$$

$$w = w(x, y, z)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= x(r, s) \\ y &= y(r, s) \\ z &= z(r) \end{aligned} \right\} w = w[x(r, s), y(r, s), z(r)] = W(r, s)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial w}{\partial s} &= \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot 0 \\ &= 1 \cdot \left(-\frac{r}{s^2}\right) + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{s} \\ &= -\frac{r}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} &= \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial r} \\ &= 1 \cdot \frac{1}{s} + 2 \cdot 2r + 2z \cdot 2 \\ &= \frac{1}{s} + 4r + 4 \cdot (2r) \\ &= \frac{1}{s} + 12r \end{aligned}$$