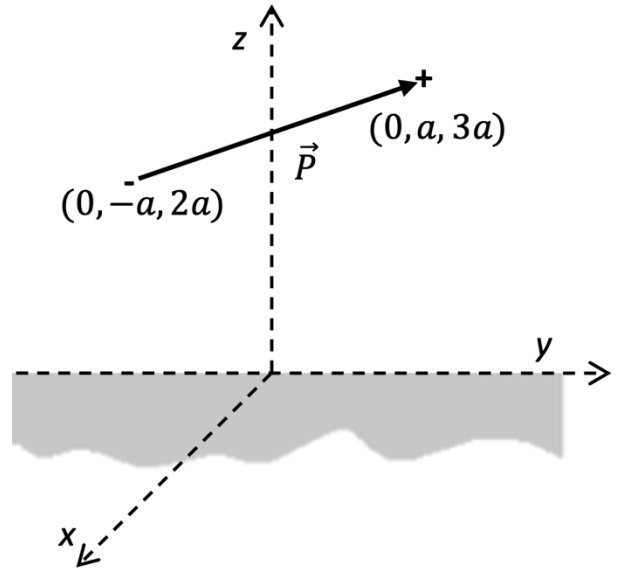


Question 1 (20P)

A (perfect) dipole \vec{P} is situated above an infinite grounded conducting plane as shown in the figure. The dipole's positive end is at $(0, a, 3a)$ and negative end is at $(0, -a, 2a)$.

- Find the dipole moment vector \vec{P} and image dipole moment vector \vec{P}' in cartesian coordinates.
- Find the potential in cartesian coordinates $V(x, y, z)$ above the plane using method of images.
- Find the charge distribution $\sigma(x, y, z)$ on the plane in cartesian coordinates.



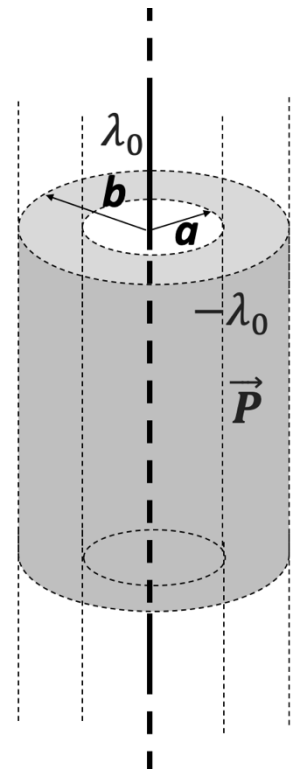
Question 2 (20P)

A specified charge density $\sigma_0(\theta) = \frac{\sigma_0}{2}(1 - 3\sin^2\theta)$ is glued over the surface of a spherical shell of radius R . Find the resulting potential inside and outside the sphere.

Question 3 (20P)

A long straight wire, carrying uniform line charge λ_0 is placed coaxially with rubber insulation of long cylindrical shell of inner radius a and outer radius b with uniform line charge density $-\lambda_0$ and varying polarization $\vec{P} = 3P_0 s \hat{s}$.

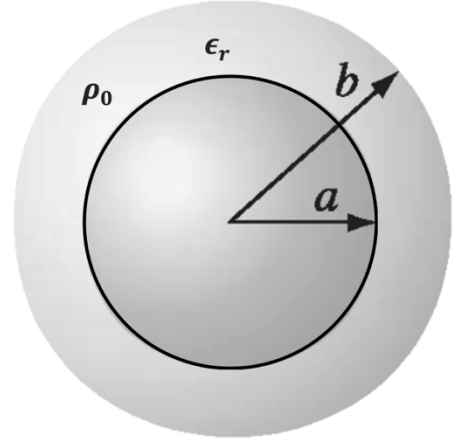
- Find the bound charges.
- Find the electric displacement vector \vec{D} at $s \leq a$, $a \leq s \leq b$ and $s \geq b$.
- Find the electric field vector \vec{E} at $s \leq a$, $a \leq s \leq b$ and $s \geq b$.



Question 4 (20P)

A spherical neutral (uncharged) conductor, of radius a is surrounded by linear dielectric material of relative permittivity (dielectric constant) ϵ_r and uniform embedded charge density ρ_0 out to radius b .

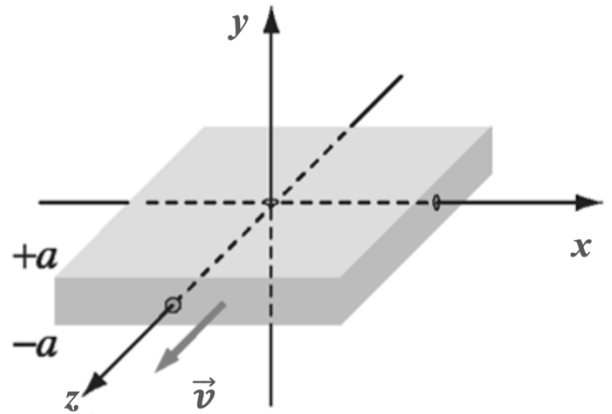
- Find the electric displacement vector \vec{D} at $r \leq a$, $a \leq r \leq b$ and $r \geq b$.
- Find the electric field vector \vec{E} at $r \leq a$, $a \leq r \leq b$ and $r \geq b$.
- Find the energy of this configuration.



Question 5 (20P)

A thick slab extending from $y = -a$ to $y = +a$ (and infinite in the x and z directions) is pulled with velocity $\vec{v} = v_0 \hat{z}$.

- Find the magnetic field \vec{B} , as a function of y , at $a \leq y \leq -a$, $y \geq a$ and $y \leq -a$.
 - Find the magnetic vector potential \vec{A} above the plane.
- Hint: \vec{A} must be parallel to the current and depends only y .*



Question 6 (20P)

A current wire is bent into a loop as shown in the figure.

- Find the magnetic field vector \vec{B} at the origin.
- You can use the ready equations for the magnetic field of a straight wire and a circular arc.*
- Find the total magnetic dipole moment \vec{m} of the loop.
 - Find the magnetic vector potential of the loop $\vec{A}(x, y, z)$.
 - Find the force acting on wire 2, if it is placed in a varying external magnetic field of $\vec{B} = \frac{B_0}{a} y \hat{z}$.

