# URBAN INFASTRUCTURE HYDRAULIC SYSTEMS grounwater And well hydraulics RECITATION-1 

Question 1: A well in a homogeneous unconfined aquifer as shown in the Figure;
a) Determine the optimum discharge.
b) Find the number of wells.
c) Draw schematic view of the well and show the locations of engine and pump on the Figure.
d) Determine the optimum discharge and drawdown with graphical solution.
( $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {demand }}=25 \mathrm{lt} / \mathrm{sec}$, permeability coefficient,
$\mathrm{k}==0.003 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}, \mathrm{V}_{\max }=\frac{\sqrt{k}}{15}, R=3000 s \sqrt{k}$ )


| well |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{D}=0.7 \mathrm{~m}$ |$\quad \mathrm{H}=10 \mathrm{~m}$

Question 2: A city with future population of 20000 water demand will be supplied from confined aquifer as shown in the Figure. The results of sieve analysis of soil are given in Table.
a) Determine discharge of demand $\left(\mathrm{Q}_{\text {demand }}\right)$. (mean $q_{\text {day }}=100 \mathrm{lt} /$ ind./day $)$.
b) Evaluate the coefficient of the hydraulic conductivity of the soil (k).
c) Determine the optimum diameter of well and number of wells. (Try $D_{1}=60 \mathrm{~cm}, D_{1}=80 \mathrm{~cm}, D_{1}=90$ $\mathrm{cm}),\left(\mathrm{V}_{\max }=\frac{\sqrt{k}}{30}\right)$.

Sieve Size (mm)
$<0.2$
0.2-0.6
0.6-2.0
$>2.0$

Percent Fine\%

## 10

50
30
10
100


Question 3) In a city population in 1950 is 10000 and population in 1970 is 20000. A Population of a touristic facility will be build to close the city is 10000 . Water demand of city and touristic facilty will be supplied from spring with $\mathrm{Q}_{\min }=10 \mathrm{lt} / \mathrm{sec}$ and infiltration drains. $\left(\max q_{\text {day, city }}=150 \mathrm{lt} /\right.$ ind. $/$ day, $\max q_{\text {day,facility }}=200 \mathrm{lt} /$ ind. $/$ day and $\mathrm{k}=0.0004 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ )
a) Determine the population of city in 2010 according to ILBANK.
b) Evaluate the total water demad of city with touristic facilty.
c) Design the horizontal infiltration drains. $(\phi 100, \phi 200, \phi 300, \phi 400, \phi 600, \phi 900, \phi 1200)$

Question 4) Water demand of a city for estimated future population is 20000 will be supplied from caisson well as seen in Figure. Caisson well is supplied from sides and bottom of the well. ( meanqday= $100 \mathrm{lt} / \mathrm{ind} . /$ day,$\alpha=0.25$ and $\quad \mathrm{k}=0.0004$ $\left.\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{sec}, Q_{\max }=\left(\alpha \pi d h \frac{\sqrt{k}}{15}+\frac{\pi d^{2}}{4} \frac{\sqrt{k}}{15}\right), R=3000 s \sqrt{k}\right)$
a) Determine the water demand of city, $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {demand }}$.
b) Find the number of wells, discharges and drawdown for each
 well.

